

COMPREHENSIVE WRITTEN EXAMINATION

Stat 154, August 2005

Problem 1:

(a) State precisely

- (i) The Monotone Convergence Theorem
- (ii) The Dominated Convergence Theorem
- (iii) Fatou's Lemma

(b) Let f_n be integrable functions on a measure space (X, \mathcal{S}, μ) such that $\sup \int f_n d\mu < \infty$. If $f_n(x) \uparrow f(x)$ a.e. where f is measurable, show that f is integrable and $\int f_n d\mu \rightarrow \int f d\mu$.

(c) Let f_n, h_n, f, h be integrable functions on a measure space (X, \mathcal{S}, μ) with $f_n \rightarrow f$ a.e., $h_n \rightarrow h$ a.e. and $\int f_n d\mu \rightarrow \int f d\mu$, $\int h_n d\mu \rightarrow \int h d\mu$. If also g_n, g are measurable, $g_n \rightarrow g$ a.e. and $f_n \leq g_n \leq h_n$ a.e., show that g_n and g are integrable and $\int g_n d\mu \rightarrow \int g d\mu$.

Problem 2:

(a) State (precisely) two forms of Fubini's Theorem.

(b) If $f(x, y) = \frac{x^2 - y^2}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$, evaluate $\int_0^1 (\int_0^1 f(x, y) dy) dx$ and $\int_0^1 (\int_0^1 f(x, y) dx) dy$ and comment regarding what these say about Fubini's Theorem.